

<p style="text-align: center;">COLOR AND GRAYSCALE full-page document scanning procedure for Oregon Percent for Art</p>
--

This procedure describes acquisition and post-production phases of document scanning.

Pre-scanning routine.

For each new project an appropriately named project sub-folder will have been created. Check to see if holding location folders have been created. If not, from the Templates folder, copy the 3 subfolders:

1. “award-related”
2. “non-award-related”
3. “OCR”
 - –copy all into the main project folder.

These will be used for housing all digital images and corresponding OCR text files.

- Next, check to see if a spreadsheet has been set up for your project scans. If not, copy *Scan_Worksheet template.xls* into project folder and rename following established conventions.

Here’s how to know where in the structural setup your scans will be saved:

<p>Award-related documents encompass all (usually text) materials that relate to a specific artwork or artist. Examples are artist statements, resumes or exhibition listings</p>
--

<p>Non-award related documents are those that provide information about an overall building project (such as a map of a building that houses all of the artwork), Oregon Art Commission (OAC) brochures, etc.</p>
--

Acquisition phase of scanning:

- Scanning: (there will be three image files):
 - Archive copy (TIFF)
 - Revised/OCR copy (TIFF)
 - JPEG

Open Photoshop CS2

1. CAPTURE IMAGE (“Import—File--Silverfast”)

- Placement on scanner: learning how and where to place an item (particularly for repeated scans) can save time in the long run.
 - Lay out document on scanner bed; use alignment marks on scanner to note item position; try to place item parallel to alignment marks
 - Before first scan, check Silverfast color settings –
 - **42>24 bit color,**
 - **600dpi,**
 - **Positive, Reflective, no Filters, no Histogram**
 - Clear previous histogram settings prior to scan.
 - Alt key will change “option” button to “reset”
 - “Reset button” resets histogram for image
 - Click “Prescan” button.

- You can then marquee prescan image by resizing selection frame so that it is just inside the object to be scanned, excluding any background region from the scanner.
- Check the histogram (bar graph icon) and align the shadow and highlight triangles to the outside perimeters of the scan graph.
- Once you've finished with the histogram, move the selection marquee until it is slightly outside the entire image to be scanned.
 - This will NOT change the highlight/shadow adjustments you just performed.
- Once item is ready to scan, use "scan RGB" button to scan.
 - Wait for image to scan via Photoshop.

2. ALIGN IMAGE:

If original scan is askew, you can do one of the following:

<p>Using measure tool, align against a text block, an image border,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Rotate image ("<i>Image—Rotate Canvas--Arbitrary</i>") ▪ Accept degree of adjustment automatically chosen by measure tool. <p>Now go to step 3 to crop the image.</p>	<p><u>Or</u> you can use the rotate function on the crop tool and manually align the image while cropping. If you take this route, FIRST review steps for cropping image below (step 3).</p>
---	---

- ### 3. CROP IMAGE:
- Click "clear" button to clear previous values from crop options boxes BEFORE cropping
- Crop slightly, get rid of excess space around edges, but include the whole page or image. Leave the gutter shadow if scanning from bound document.
 - Click check mark to crop, or "enter"
 - Save file as archive tiff.
 - Name file as appropriate (see file-naming convention document)
 - Record date of scan

Post-Production work:

- ### 4. CONVERT IMAGE
- from 600 dpi to 400 dpi. ("*Image – Image size—Resolution*")
- Despeckle: ("*Filters—Noise--Despeckle*") this can be done more than once, as needed
 - Select unsharp mask with settings of: Amount 65%, Radius 4.0 pixels, Threshold 3 ("*Filters—Sharpen*")
 - Adjust levels SLIGHTLY using global method ("*Image—Adjustments—Levels*") – adjust the RGB levels from the histogram, trying to keep to the outer perimeters of the graph.
 - You do NOT need to record RGB (red & green & blue) levels adjusted ("XXX") on Excel worksheet

5. REVISE IMAGE SIZE:

If regular, page-sized image, crop and resize to width of 800 pixels. (same as with bw documents)

- Keep the entire page image.
- Do not alter height.
- If image needs only to be resized, use image size box (*Control/alt/i keys*)
- Save as JPEG, compression level 6.

- Record date of scan

Procedure for oversized color documents, including maps

6. REVISE IMAGE SIZE:

If needed, crop extraneous material such as gutter shadow or black/white spaces in the borders

- Keep the entire page image.
- Do not reduce size of image
- Save as JPEG, compression level 6.
- **Remember to remove the lower-case “r” from the file name end!**
- Record date of scan

Record original source dimensions (length x width) on spreadsheet.



Grayscale Document Scanning Procedure

Pre-scanning routine.

Same as color routine.

Open Photoshop CS2

3. CAPTURE IMAGE (“Import—File--Silverfast”)

- Placement on scanner: learning how and where to place an item (particularly for repeated scans) can save time in the long run.
 - Lay out document on scanner bed; use alignment marks on scanner to note item position; try to place item parallel to alignment marks
 - Before first scan, check Silverfast Settings –
 - **16 bit grayscale,**
 - **400 dpi,**
 - **Positive, Reflective, no Filters, no Histogram**
 - Clear previous histogram settings prior to scan.
 - Alt key will change “option” button to “reset”
 - “Reset button” resets histogram for image
 - Click “Prescan” button
 - Marquee prescan image by resizing selection frame so that it is just inside the object to be scanned, excluding any background region from the scanner.
 - Check the histogram (bar graph icon) and align the shadow and highlight triangles to the outside perimeters of the scan graph.
 - Once you’ve finished with the histogram, move the selection marquee until it is slightly outside the entire image to be scanned.
 - This will NOT change the highlight/shadow adjustments you just performed.

Hint: If you are scanning a number of documents from a similar source (think multi-page artist statements or book pages), you can use the first prescan level for subsequent scans without readjusting the histogram for each scan.

- Once item is ready to scan, use “Scan Gray” button to scan.

4. ALIGN IMAGE:

If original scan is askew, you can follow same steps as with color document procedure.

4. **CROP IMAGE:** Click “clear” button to clear previous values from crop options boxes BEFORE cropping
- Follow color procedure.

Post-Production work: (note that many of these steps have been converted to “action” shortcuts using programmed function keys)

5. CONVERT IMAGE from 16 bit to 8 bit grayscale (“*Image – Mode—8 bit*”)

- Despeckle: (“*Filters—Noise--Despeckle*”) this can be done more than once, as needed
- Select unsharp mask with settings of: Amount 65%, Radius 4.0 pixels, Threshold 3 (“*Filters—Sharpen*”)
- Adjust levels SLIGHTLY using global method (“*Image—Adjustments—Levels*”) – adjust the white point, and the black according to the histogram (avoid the gutter shadow when doing this). If result is not acceptable, then adjust visually to best effect.
 - If the document is very grainy, or the background is dark, you may decide to heighten the contrast between the black and white levels, so that the text is more legible.
- Record input white and black levels adjusted (“XXX”) on Excel spreadsheet Save Image as revised tiff in the REV_tif folder

7. REVISE IMAGE SIZE: Crop and resize to width of 800 pixels

- Using the clone stamp tool, “clean up” page by removing 3-ring binder holes or other visual blemishes
- Do not alter height.
- If image needs only to be resized, use image size box (*Control/alt/i keys*)
- Save as JPEG, compression level 6, in jpegs folder
- Record date of scan, if not done already